

1 Comparative adjectives, *as ... as*

San Francisco is **cheaper than** London.
 New York is **more / less dangerous than** LA.
 Restaurants are (n't) **as expensive as** in London.
 The service is **much / a bit** better.

- ◆ To compare people, places, and things, use:
 - 1 a comparative adjective + *than*
 - 2 (*not*) *as* + adjective + *as*
- ◆ Use *much* (+ comparative) for a big difference, *a bit* (+ comparative) for a small difference.

2 Comparative adverbs

	Adverb	Comparative adverb
Regular	quickly	more / less quickly
Irregular	fast	faster
	hard	harder
	well	better
	badly	worse
	a lot	more
	a little	less

Women drive **more slowly than** men.
 Men drive **faster than** women.

- ◆ To compare two actions use a comparative adverb + *than*.

3 First conditional

will / won't

+		-	
I	'll miss the train.	I	won't catch it.
You		You	
etc.		etc.	

?	✓X
Will you tell him?	Yes, I will . / No, I won't .

Contractions 'll = will won't = will not

- ◆ Use *will / won't* + infinitive for all persons.

If ... + will / won't

If you don't work, you **won't** pass the exam.
 She'll miss the train **if** she doesn't hurry.

- ◆ Make the first conditional with *if* + present simple and *will / won't* + infinitive. The *if*-phrase can come first or second.
- ◆ Use the first conditional to talk about a possible future situation.

4 *some... / any... / nobody, etc.*



Somebody's in the bathroom.

Is **anybody** in the bathroom?

There isn't **anybody** in the bathroom.

	+	?	-
People	somebody someone	anybody anyone	nobody no one
Things	something	anything	nothing
Places	somewhere	anywhere	nowhere

- ◆ Use *somebody / anything / nowhere* when you don't know exactly who / what / where.
- ◆ in + use *some...*
- ◆ in ? and - use *any...*
- but in - short answers, and as the subject, use *no...*, etc.
 Who's in the bathroom? **Nobody**.
Nobody's in the bathroom.
- ◆ Remember, (*some*)*body* and (*some*)*one* mean the same.

5 Superlative adjectives

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative	Spelling
tall happy	taller happier	the tallest the happiest	+ est
modern expensive	more modern more expensive	the most modern the most expensive	+ the most
good bad	better worse	the best the worst	irregular

Everest is **the highest** mountain in the world.
 French champagne is **the most expensive**.

- ◆ Use superlative adjectives to say that someone or something is the biggest / tallest in a group.
- ◆ Use *the + est* or *most* to make superlative adjectives.

1 Comparative adjectives Cross out the wrong form.

- Chicago is ~~violenter~~ / *more violent* than San Francisco.
- London isn't as expensive *as* / *than* Paris.
- The train is cheaper *as* / *than* the plane.
- China is *much* / *more* bigger than Vietnam.
- English is *more easy* / *easier* than Japanese.
- It's *much* / *much more* polluted here.

2 Comparative adverbs Write sentences.

- my father / me (work hard)
My father works harder than me.
- my mother / my father (drive careful)

- I / my husband (speak French well)

- women / men (live long)

- you / me (eat quick)

3 First conditional Write the verbs in the correct tense.

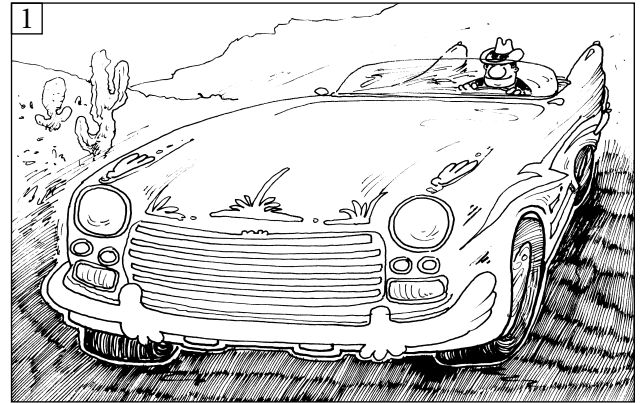
- It'll be quicker if we *get* a taxi. (be, get)
- If she _____ me I _____ her. (phone, tell)
- He _____ you if you _____ him. (help, ask)
- If you _____ now you _____ late. (not go, be)
- We _____ a picnic if the weather _____ good. (have, be)

4 some... / any... / no... Complete with the right word.

anybody ~~anything~~ nobody nothing
something somewhere

- A Did you do *anything* last night?
B No, _____ special.
- She'd like to go _____ nice this evening.
- They didn't meet _____ they knew at the party.
- We didn't know because _____ told us.
- I want to tell you _____ important.

5 Superlative adjectives Complete the sentences.



- The Americans drive *the biggest* cars in the world. (big)
- The Scots make _____ whisky. (good)
- The Germans drink _____ beer. (more)
- The Italians wear _____ clothes. (stylish)
- The British drink _____ coffee. (bad)